

Eurozone: life in the slow lane

Eurozone economic growth has slowed markedly over the past year

The slowdown has been caused by a mix of cyclical and transitory factors

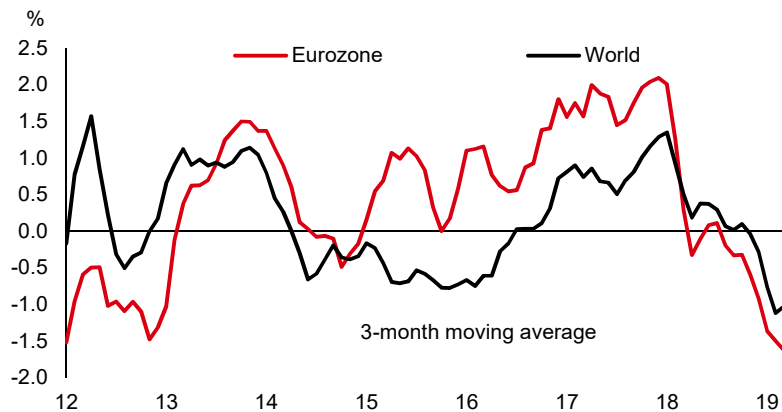
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We think a eurozone recession is unlikely this year, and thus remain comfortable to take advantage of favourable equity valuations in the region



Eurozone economic growth has slowed markedly over the past year. Our Nowcast, or “big data” approach to tracking the economic cycle, shows the deterioration has been greater than seen in the wider global economy (Figure 1).

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There is no one obvious reason explaining the slowdown, but rather we think a number of cyclical (or “fundamental”) and transitory (or “temporary”) factors have been at play. These are summarised in Figure 2.

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	([SRUW J has slowed amid weaker economic growth in China and regional trading partners (e.g. UK)		The DXWR V has been hit hard by new emissions testing guidelines
	Industry facing F D S D F L W \ F R Q V W U S p e c i a l l y i n Germany		([WUHPH Z has been disruptive, including heavy snowfall and a drought in the Rhine river
	The European Central Bank (ECB) ended its bond buying programme in December 2018		3 R O L W L F D O X B C R I H U W D L Q W \ Italy) has weighed on confidence. France has witnessed protests

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Germany has been hit harder than other eurozone economies, which is understandable given it is more exposed to Chinese demand, has a large auto sector and has been affected by the brunt of the bad weather.

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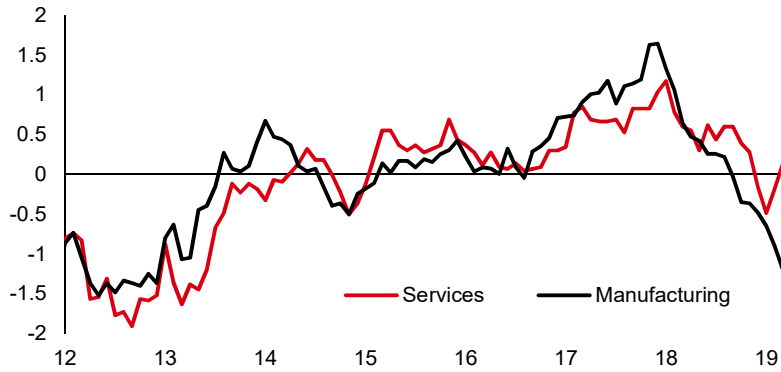
A robust services sector is one reason to be optimistic about the growth outlook...

Despite the recent disappointing performance, we think there are a number of reasons to suggest current pessimism on eurozone growth is overdone.

1. 7KH HXURJRQH VHUFLFHV VHFWRU (Figure 3) reflects a strong labour market and slowly rising wage growth. All in all, household spending power remains strong enough to keep domestically focused sectors of the economy in good health.

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Standard deviation from mean

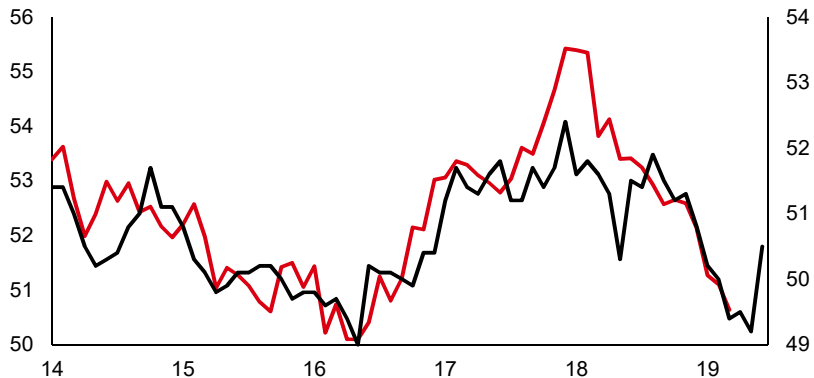


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2. \$OWKRJK WKH PDQXIDFWXULQJ VHFWRU LV LQ D ZHDN UHERXLS. It could be driven by a recovery in China's economic growth rate just as a number of the above-mentioned transitory factors unwind. Recent PMI numbers from China are encouraging in this respect (Figure 4).

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Index — Global ex. China, LHS — China, 3-month lag, RHS



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3. 7KH SROLF\ HQYLURQPHQW. The Fed is implementing an easing package this year in response to domestic discontent, while Italy's government is reversing the previous administration's plans to tighten policy.

Meanwhile, the (&% has recently signalled that interest rates will remain unchanged for (at least) the rest of 2019. They are also planning to extend their programme of cheap loans to banks, which is important to support credit growth.

...while there is scope for a rebound in manufacturing

The policy environment is also supportive. For example, interest rates will be on hold this year

ODUNHW FRQVLGHUDWLRQV

Pessimism around the eurozone growth outlook is unsurprising, and multiple risks require monitoring (China, trade tensions, Brexit/Italy). However, a solid labour market is buoying the domestic backdrop. The manufacturing sector can benefit from a potential rebound in Chinese growth and an unwinding of transitory disruptions. Policy is also supportive.

This gives us confidence that a HXURJRH UHFHVLRQ L. And with IHX & R JRLNHVH Tax cuts still favourable (on a hedged basis), we believe they remain an DWUDFWLYH SURSRVLWLRQ LQ JORSDO PXO in line with our overweight stance on global equities more generally.

One implication of more dovish monetary policy has been YDOXDWLRQV LQ WKH ERQG VSDF. We EHLQJ VWU believe it makes sense to remain underweight eurozone government and investment grade corporate bonds, although high-yield bond valuations are more consistent with a neutral positioning, in our view, and default rates remain low.

Hussain Mehdi, Macro & Investment Strategist

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